### WEED CONTROL BY GOATS

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### Easy to control weeds

The marked preference shown by goats for blackberry, Rubus fruticosus, briar Rosa rubiginosa, barberry Berberis vulgaris gorse Ulex europaeus, narrowleaf hopbush Bodonaea attenuata, manuka Leptospermum acoparium and groundsel bush Baccharis halimifolia can result in their complete control. The profitability of control has been assessed for blackberry and briar (Vere and Holst 1979; Holgate 1983). Gorse (Drause et at. 1984: Harradine and Jones 1985) and narrowleaf hopbush (Davies and Mitchell 1985).

# Moderately hard to control weeds

Poa tussock *Poa labillardieri* and rushes *Juncus spp.* are moderately attractive to goats, being lightly in autumn, spring and summer but heavily in winter or at other times when alternative feed becomes scarce (Campbell <u>et al</u>. 1984: Lambert et al. 1981).

Thistles are eaten by goats during flowering and seeding. These include spear Cirsium vulgare, marsh Cirsium palustris. Californian Cirsium arvense (Rolston et at. 1983): slender Carduus pycnocaphalus (Harradine and Jones 1985): and variegated Silybum marianum.

Other common weeds eaten in this category are horsehound Marrubium vulgare, dock Rumex crispus and regrowth of Eucalyptus spp. Control of these weeds is responsive to goat grazing pressure and seasonal effects.

# Difficult to control weeds

Serrated tussock Nassella trichotoma (Campbell et al. 1979), blady grass Imperata cylindrica (Norton and Deary 1985) and St. John's Wort Hypericum perforatum are only controlled if the weed constitutes a small portion of the total pasture. For example, in a degenerating pasture or where traditional methods have reduced the amount of weed. Control is effected by the pasture competing with a partially defoliated weed (Campbell et at. 1979).

#### Weeds not controlled

Sifton bush Cassinia arcuata. turpentine Erempohila sturtii, Bathurst burr Xanthium spinosum, budda Eremophila mitchellii, punty Cassia eremophila and bracken fern Pteridium esculentum are rarely eaten by goats.